

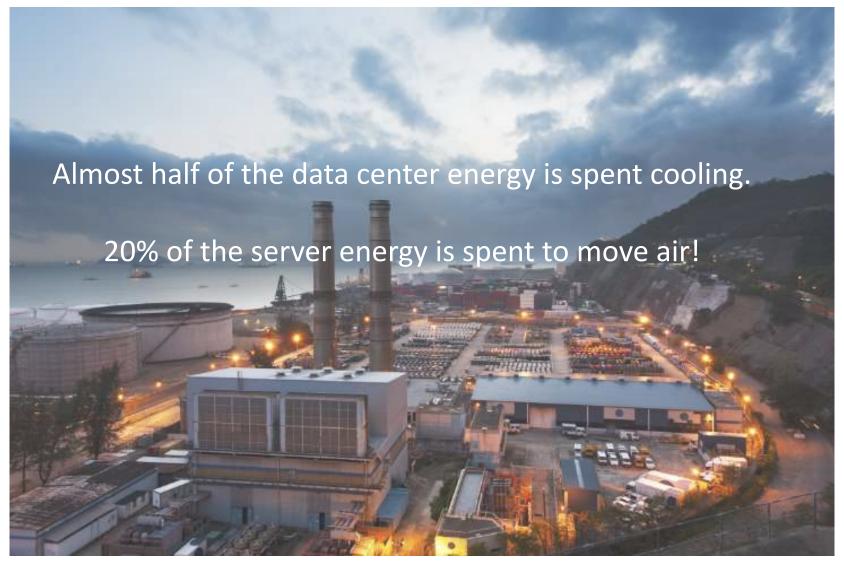
ZUTACORE®

More Power for Al Workloads with Energy-Efficient End-to-End Two-Phase Cooling

Unlocking Performance, Efficiency, and Sustainability

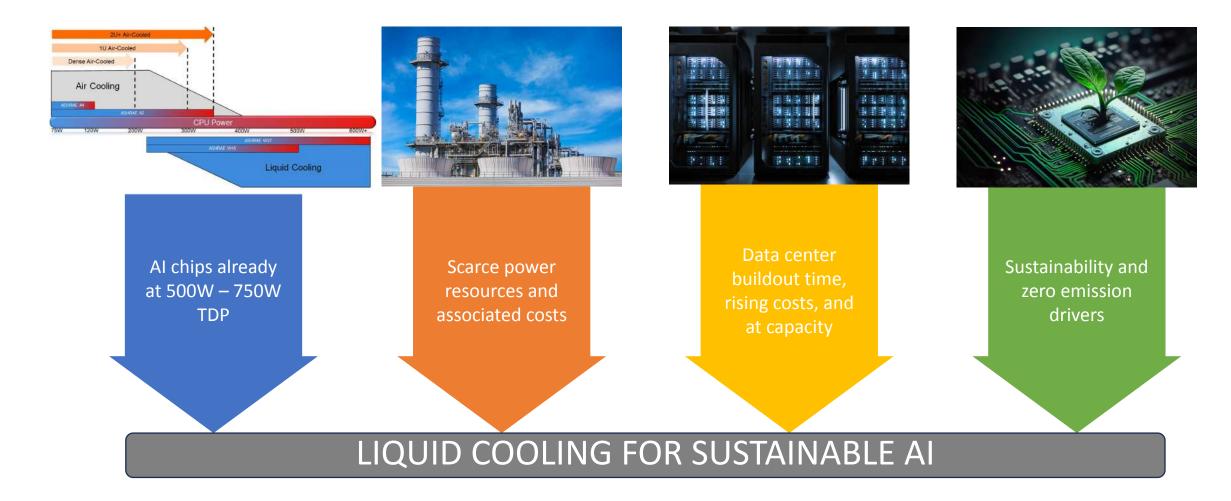






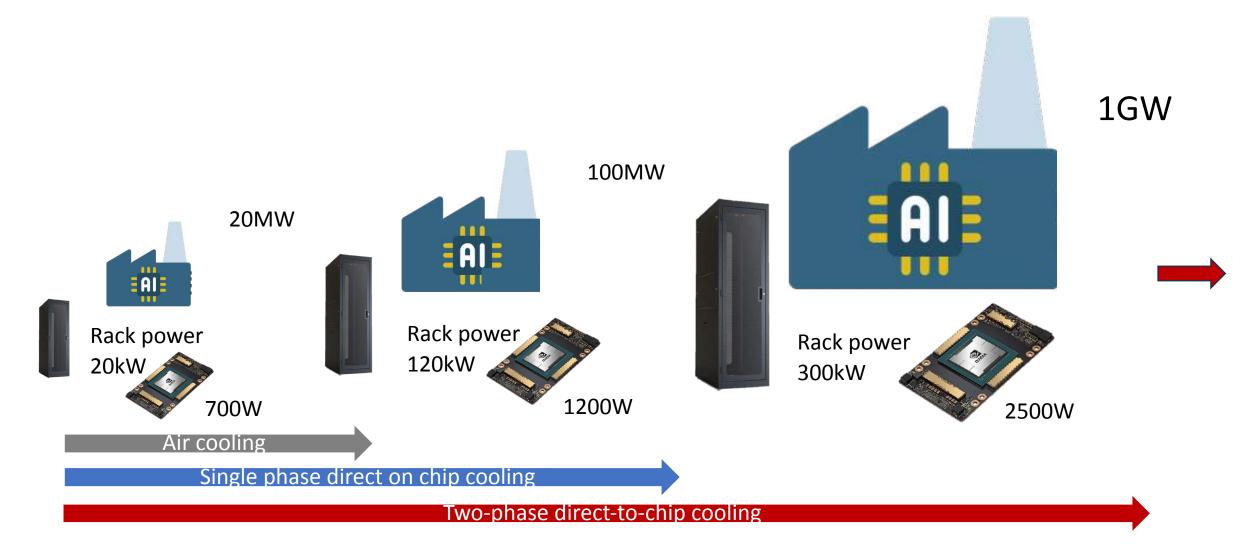
AI Workloads are Mandating Liquid Cooling





Traditional Air Cooling No Longer Feasible for AI Growth

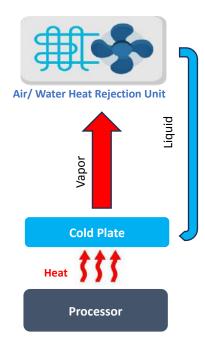




HyperCool[®] - More Performance, Energy, Savings







A unique two-phase, closed-loop liquid cooling solution

Two-phase Cold Plates – NVIDIA, Intel, AMD

Direct-to-chip cooling supports 2800 watts and beyond



Manifold

Transports fluid/vapor to & from the cold plate

Heat Rejection Unit

Condenses vapor back into liquid.
Air/water heat rejection



Waterless Heat Transfer Fluid

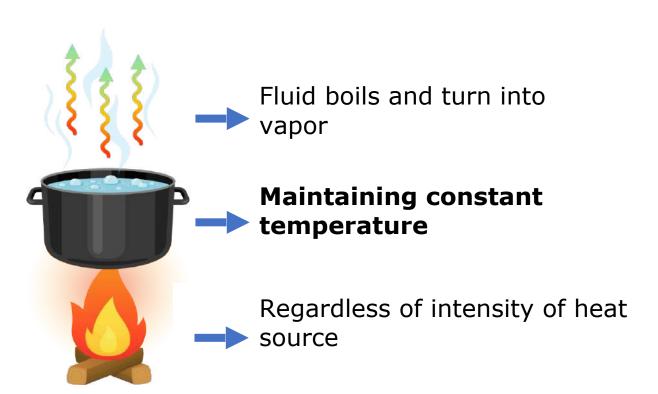
Non-conductive, non-corrosive Low GWP, low PFAS

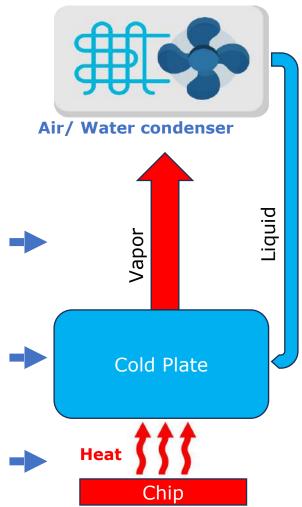




Two phase DLC – Cool by Boiling







Two-Phase DLC Solution for High Power



Major Challenge (Bubbles, Boiling Incipience)

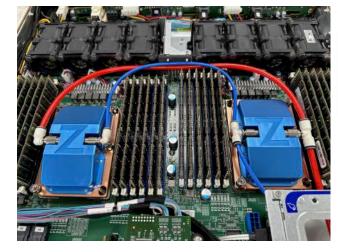
Hot vapor bubble When the liquid boils over the die, bubbles formed on the surface of the cold plates can act as insulating barriers and create hot spots on the die. When cooling CPU/GPU this hot spot heats 1000s of transistors, and may cause throttling

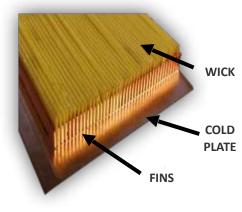
hotspot

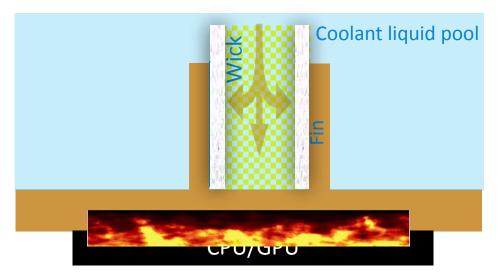
Waterless 2-Phase Cold Plate

Z

- On-demand liquid cooling of processors up to and above 2800W and over 300 W/cm2 (heat flux)
- Self-regulated pool boiling
- PPUE < 1.03
- Qualified by leading processor manufactures
- Compact and simple to install
- Deployed into major server manufacturers

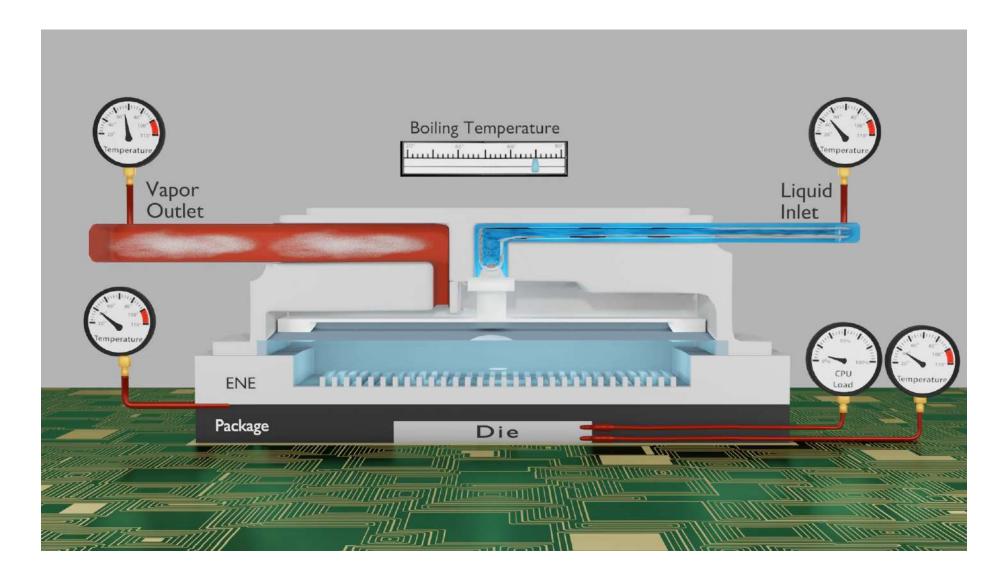






ZC ENE Cold plate





Heat Rejection Unit (HRU)

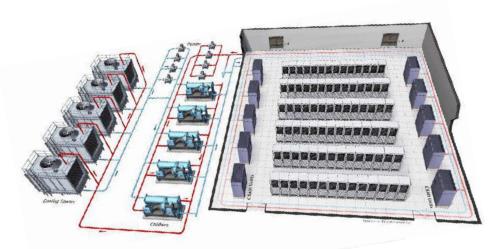
Z

- Condenses the refrigerant vapor back into liquid refrigerant, ready to be pumped through the system.
- HRU water supports up to 120 kW of total rack power.
 - Facilities' water removes heat.
- HRU air supports up to 20 kW of total rack power.
 - Heat is removed by air.
- < 4 Gallons of Dielectric Fluid
- Fully reusable (20yrs), Recyclable
- Redundancies for 5x9 availability
- Minimal (to no) disruption to the data center
- Sustains 70°C for heat-reuse



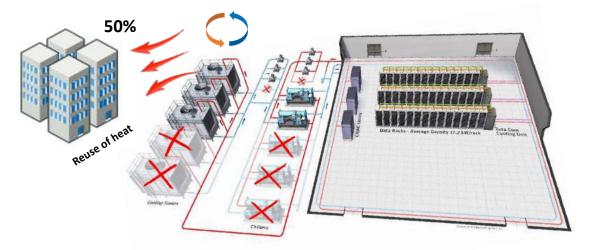
Use Case – Air Cooling vs. ZutaCore®



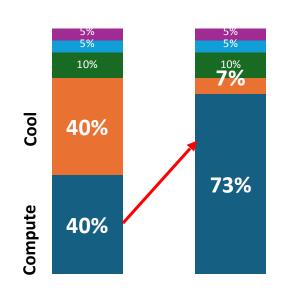




- Storage device
- Communication
- Power supply
- Cooling systems
- Compute power



1w cooling => 10w power







Parameter	Air	Two-Phase	Savings
Max Power / Rack	40 KW	100 KW	
Total energy/year	12.6 MWh	9.4 MWh	25%
TCO 10 years (*)	22 M USD	16.6 M USD	5.3 M USD
OPEX	1.9 M USD/year	1.4 M USD/year	0.5M USD/year
CAPEX	2.9 M USD	2.6 M USD	0.3 M USD
Real estate (# of racks)	28	16	43%

^(*) TCO calculation may slightly vary from country to country according to the local energy prices and weather

Benefits to the Data Center



1

MORE PERFORMANCE & COMPUTE DENSITY

- 1. Instant & uniform cooling for the highest performance 2800W (and beyond) TDP processors
- 2. Achieves more compute density with slimmer AI servers saving 50% more space & 2-3x more power per rack vs. air cooling



MORE ENERGY & SUSTAINABILITY

- 1. Reduces DC energy consumption, enabling PUE of 1.025
- 2. Enables efficient waste heat reuse across DC and beyond
- 3. Creates new ways to recover energy from operations
- 4. Minimizes/eliminates water consumption for extreme WUE

3

MORE OPEX & CAPEX SAVINGS

- 1. ROI in <2-years (instant for new AI factories)
- 2. Decrease CAPEX with less/no chillers/CRAC
- 3. ~\$1M saved on 2MW data center annually

Global Ecosystem for Sustainable Al



Silicon Companies

NVIDIA

AMD

Intel

Server OxMs

AsRockRack

ASUS

Compal

Dell

Foxconn

Pegatron

SuperMicro

WiWynn

Data Center Integrators

Boston

CPI

MHI

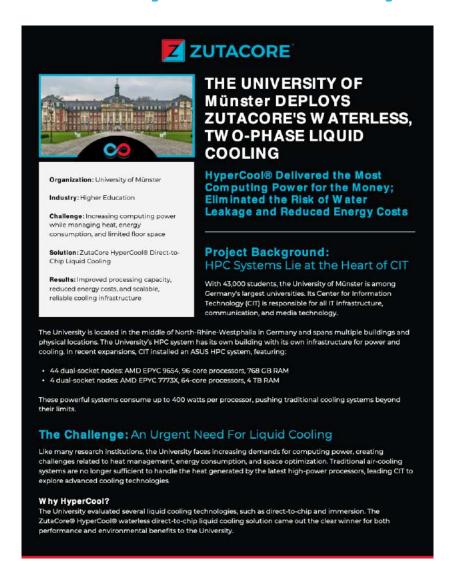
Park Place

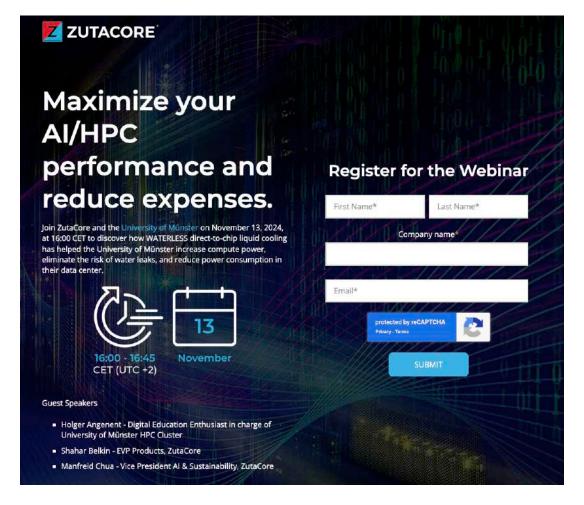
Unicom

WWT

Case Study – University of Münster







Register to watch the webinar - https://hello.zutacore.com/university-of-munster

